## Homework Solutions Chapter 8

## Central Limit Theorem

According to the Central Limit Theorem, when the sample size is 100 , we still have $\mu_{\hat{p}}=p=0.10$, but now we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
\sigma_{\hat{p}} & =\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \\
& =\sqrt{\frac{(0.10)(0.90)}{100}} \\
& =0.03 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Also, because the sample size is large, $\hat{p}$ has a normal distribution.

